

RENEWABLES 2021 GLOBAL STATUS REPORT

MASTER SLIDE DECK



REN21 Secretariat

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THE ONLY GLOBAL RENEWABLE ENERGY MULTI-STAKEHOLDER COMMUNITY

GOVERNMENTS

Afghanistan, Austria, Brazil, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Germany, India, Mexico, Norway, Republic of Korea, South Africa, Spain, UAE, USA

NGOs

CAN-I, CLASP, CCA, Club-ER, CC35, Energy Cities, EHP, FER, Global 100%RE, GFSE, Greenpeace Intl, GWNET, ICLEI, IEC, ISEP, JVE, MFC, Power for All, REEEP, REI, RGI, SCI, SLOCAT, SEforAll, WCRE, WFC, WRI, WWF

SCIENCE & ACADEMIA

AEE INTEC, CEEW, Fundacion Bariloche, Higher School of Economics (Russia), IIASA, ISES, NREL, SANEDI, TERI



INTERGOVERNMENTAL ORGANISATIONS

ADB, APERC, ECREEE, EC, GEF, IEA, IRENA, ISDB, RCREEE, UNDP, UNEP, UNIDO, World Bank

INDUSTRY ASSOCIATIONS

ACORE, AMDA, ALER, ARE, APREN, CREIA, CEC, EREF, GOGLA, GSC, GWEC, IREF, IGA, IHA, RES4Africa, Solar Power Europe, WBA, WWEA



MAKE THE SHIFT TO RENEWABLE ENERGY HAPPEN - NOW!

The only **global community** of renewable energy actors from science, academia, NGOs, governments, and industry.

Our more than **2,000 community members** co-operate collecting information, changing norms and debating.



We build upon a decentralized intelligence, ensuring high responsiveness to an ever changing environment.

Our annual publications are probably the world's most comprehensive, crowdsourced reports on renewables.



RENEWABLES 2021 GLOBAL STATUS REPORT

COLLABORATIVE ANNUAL REPORTING ON RENEWABLES SINCE 2005

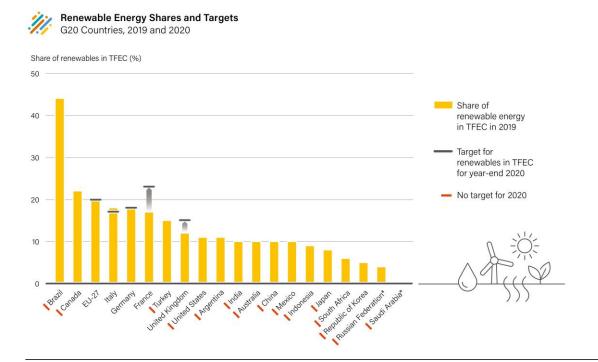
THE REPORT FEATURES:

- Global Overview
- Policy Landscape
- Market and Industry Trends
- Distributed Renewables for Energy Access
- Investment Flows
- Energy Systems Integration and Enabling Technologies
- Energy Efficiency, Renewables and Decarbonisation
- Feature: Business Demand for Renewables





G20 COUNTRIES LACK TARGETS FOR RENEWABLES



Ambition lacking on key performance indicator of renewable energy share.



RENEWABLE ENERGY CONTINUED TO GROW IN 2020

- Total power capacity rose almost 10%
 - 2,839 GW including hydropower
 - Non-hydropower: 16.6% increase
- 256 GW of renewable power additions
 - Solar PV: 139 GW; Wind: 93 GW; Hydro: 20 GW
- Renewable heat demand increased marginally
- Biofuel production fell 5% in 2020

***	2019	2020	
INVESTMENT			
New investment (annual) in renewable power and fuels!	billion USD	298.4	303.5
POWER			
Renewable power capacity (including hydropower)	GW	2,581	2,838
Renewable power capacity (not including hydropower)	GW	1,430	1,668
Hydropower capacity ²	GW	1,150	1,170
⊙ Solar PV capacity³	GW	621	760
Wind power capacity	GW	650	743
Bio-power capacity	GW	137	145
(i) Geothermal power capacity	GW	14.0	14.1
Oncentrating solar thermal power (CSP) capacity	GW	6.1	6.2
Ocean power capacity	GW	0.5	0.5
HEAT			
Modern bio-heat demand (estimated) ⁴	EJ	13.7	13.9
Solar hot water demand (estimated) ⁵	EJ	1.5	1.5
@ Geothermal direct-use heat demand (estimated) ⁶	PJ	421	462
TRANSPORT			
 Ethanol production (annual) 	billion litres	115	105
FAME biodiesel production (annual)	billion litres	41	39
6 HVO biodiesel production (annual)	billion litres	6.5	7.5
POLICIES ⁷			
Countries with renewable energy targets	#	172	165
Countries with renewable energy policies	#	161	161
Countries with renewable heating and cooling targets	#	49	19
Countries with renewable transport targets	#	46	35
Countries with renewable electricity targets	#	166	137
Countries with heat regulatory policies	#	22	22
Countries with biofuel blend mandates ^e	#	65	65
Countries with feed-in policies (existing)	#	83	83
Countries with feed-in policies (cumulative) ^o	#	113	113
Countries with tendering (held during the year)	#	41	33
Countries with tendering (cumulative) ^o	#	111	116



WHICH COUNTRIES LED THE WAY IN 2020?



Annual Investment / Net Capacity Additions / Production in 2020

Technologies ordered based on total capacity additions in 2020.

	1	2	3	4	5
🔅 Solar PV capacity	China	United States	Vietnam	Japan	Germany
Wind power capacity	China	United States	Brazil	Netherlands	Spain or Germany
O Hydropower capacity	China	Turkey	Mexico	India	Angola
@ Geothermal power capacity	Turkey	United States	Japan	-	-
Concentrating solar thermal power (CSP) capacity	China	_	<u>-</u>	_	_
Solar water heating capacity	China	Turkey	India	Brazil	United States
Ethanol production	United States	Brazil	China	Canada	India
Biodiesel production	Indonesia	Brazil	United States	Germany	France

As in past years, **China** led many key annual categories for renewable energy in 2020.



RENEWABLE ENERGY LEADERS AT THE END OF 2020

Total Power Capacity or Demand / Output as of End-2020

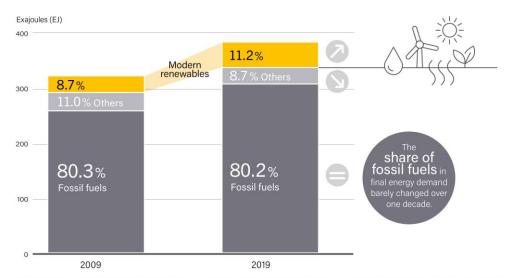
	1	2	3	4	5
POWER					
Renewable power capacity (including hydropower)	China	United States	Brazil	India	Germany
Renewable power capacity (not including hydropower)	China	United States	Germany	India	Japan
Renewable power capacity per capita (not including hydropower) ¹	Iceland	Denmark	Sweden	Germany	Australia
Bio-power capacity	China	Brazil	United States	Germany	India
@ Geothermal power capacity	United States	Indonesia	Philippines	Turkey	New Zealand
O Hydropower capacity ²	China	Brazil	Canada	United States	Russian Federatio
Solar PV capacity	China	United States	Japan	Germany	India
Concentrating solar thermal power (CSP) capacity	Spain	United States	China	Morocco	South Africa
Wind power capacity	China	United States	Germany	India	Spain
HEAT					
Modern bio-heat demand in buildings	United States	Germany	France	Italy	Sweden
Modern bio-heat demand in industry	Brazil	India	United States	Finland	Sweden
Solar water heating collector capacity ²	China	Turkey	India	Brazil	United States
⊕ Geothermal heat output ³	China	Turkey	Iceland	Japan	New Zealand

Some countries changed places during the year, though in many cases the leaders for total capacity and generation are well-established.



INCREASING ENERGY DEMAND AND FOSSIL FUEL USE

Estimated Renewable Share of Total Final Energy Consumption 2009 and 2019



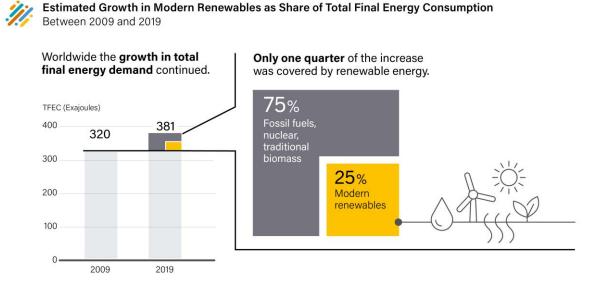
Note: Totals may not add up due to rounding. This figure shows a comparison between two years across a 10-year span. The result of the economic recession in 2008 may have temporarily lowered the share of fossil fuels in total final energy consumption in 2009. The share in 2008 was 80.7%. Source: Based on IEA data.

The world is **burning** more fossil fuels than ever.



RENEWABLES ARE GROWING FAST... BUT NOT FAST ENOUGH

- Renewables grew two times faster than fossil fuels
- Renewable energy only accounted for 25% of demand growth
- Energy efficiency and renewables are complementary

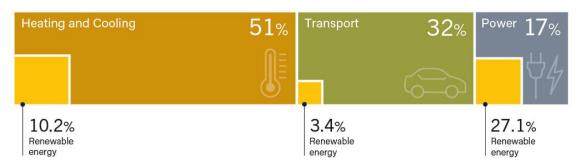


Source: Based on IEA data.



MORE THAN 80% OF ENERGY FOR HEATING & TRANSPORT

Renewable Energy in Total Final Energy Consumption by Final Energy Use, 2018



Note: Data should not be compared with previous years because of revisions due to improved or adjusted methodology. Source: Based on IEA data.

Most focus is on the power sector, but the **greatest urgency** is in heating and transport.

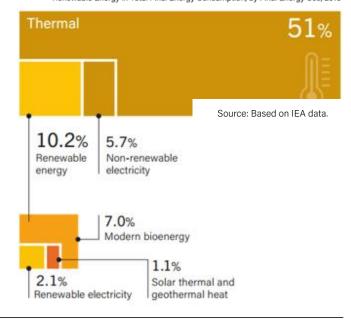


SLOW GROWTH IN RENEWABLE HEATING AND COOLING

KEY BARRIERS

- Sector heavily relying on fossil fuel
 - fossil fuel subsidies no level playing field
 - Upfront capital cost of RE
- Lack of supportive regulatory framework
 - No new H&C policies since 2017
 - for electrification
- Resource availability
- Investments in supporting infrastructure needed (e.g., district heating and cooling)
- Technological advances needed for high-temperature industrial processes

Renewable Energy in Total Final Energy Consumption, by Final Energy Use, 2018

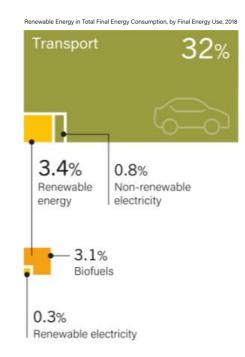




SLOW GROWTH IN RENEWABLE TRANSPORT

KEY BARRIERS

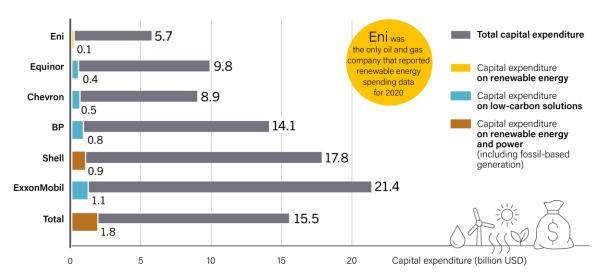
- Sector heavily relying on fossil fuel
 - Fossil fuel subsidies no level playing field
- Demand increasing fasting than other sectors
- Lack of policy support frameworks
- Holistic strategies missing
- Direct linking between EVs and renewables is limited
- Avoid-Shift-Improve often missing renewable energy
- Investment in supporting infrastructure needed (e.g., EV charging)
- Technological advances needed for renewables in advanced biofuels, maritime and aviation sectors





OIL AND GAS SPENDING ON RENEWABLES REMAINS LOW

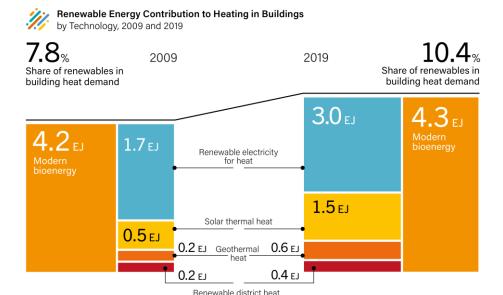




Oil and gas companies do not explicitly report on renewable energy spending in their financial statements.



RENEWABLE HEAT IS GRADUALLY GROWING IN BUILDINGS

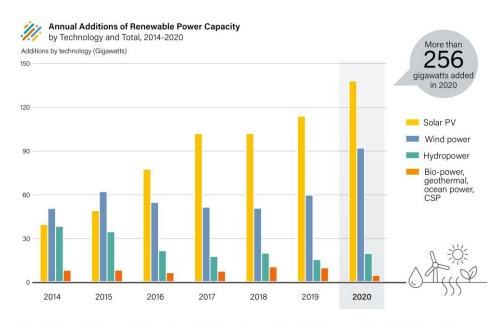


The share of renewable heating and cooling in buildings grew from 7.8% in 2009 to more than 10% in 2019.

Source: Based on IEA data.



MORE THAN 250 GW OF RENEWABLE POWER ADDED

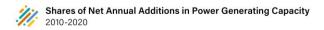


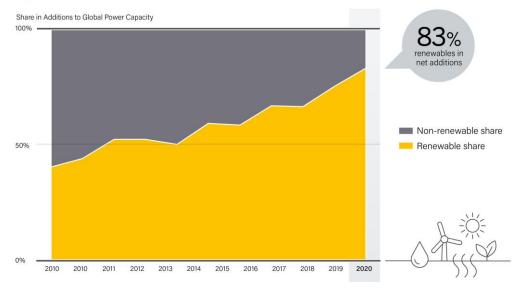
Note: Solar PV capacity data are provided in direct current (DC). Data are not comparable against technology contributions to electricity generation.

New renewable power capacity hit a record increase globally.



MORE RENEWABLE POWER ADDED THAN FOSSIL FUEL & NUCLEAR

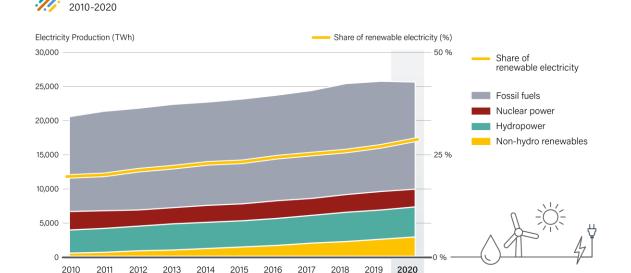




Renewable power generation capacity additions remain ahead for the sixth year in a row.



ALMOST 30% OF GLOBAL ELECTRICITY IS NOW RENEWABLE



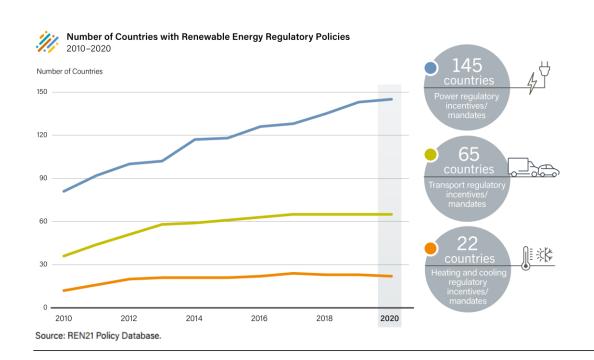
Global Electricity Production by Source, and Share of Renewables

Source: Ember.

The share of renewables in electricity generation is rising in many countries around the world.



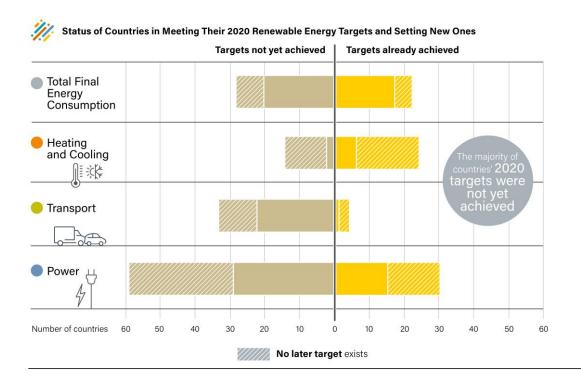
POWER SECTOR RECEIVES MOST POLICY ATTENTION



Policies and targets for renewables in power remain more ambitious and more numerous than those for other sectors.



TARGETS NOT ACHIEVED OR FOLLOWED UP

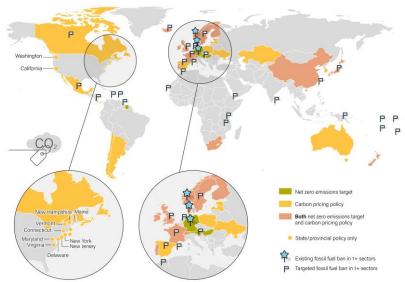


The number of countries with targets fell across all sectors.



CLIMATE POLICIES AROUND THE WORLD



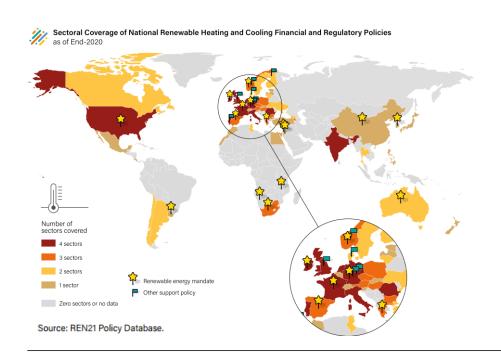


Source: Based on World Bank, Energy Climate Intelligence Unit, IEA Global Electric Vehicle Outlook and REN21 Policy Database.

Carbon pricing initiatives covered only around 22% of global greenhouse gas emissions by early 2021.



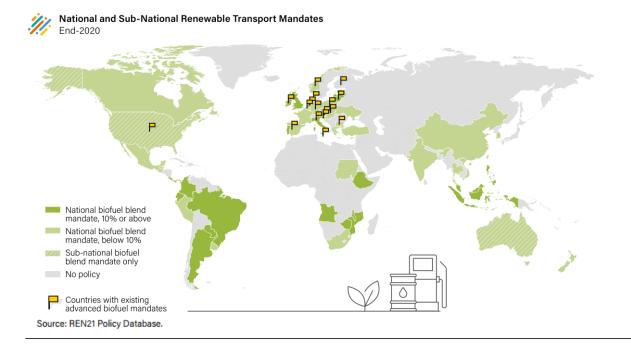
POLICY SUPPORT LOW IN HEATING AND COOLING SECTOR



Only 10 countries had renewable heat support policies covering all sectors as of end-2020.



POLICY SUPPORT REMAINS STATIC FOR TRANSPORT

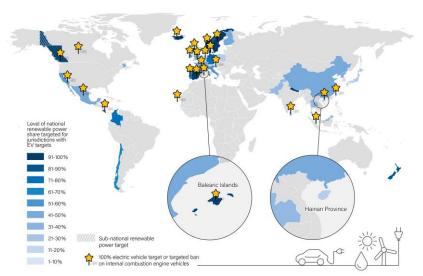


Biofuel blending mandates remain the most widely adopted renewable energy support policy in the transport sector.



ONLY SEVERAL COUNTRIES HAVE TARGETS FOR EVS AND RENEWABLES



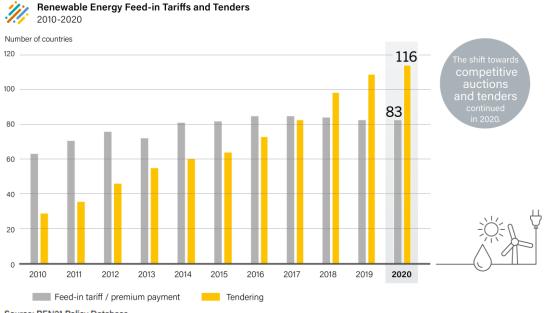


Only 8 countries with targeted bans on internal combustion engine vehicles have 100% renewable power targets

Source: REN21 Policy Database.



THE RISE OF RENEWABLE POWER AUCTIONS CONTINUED



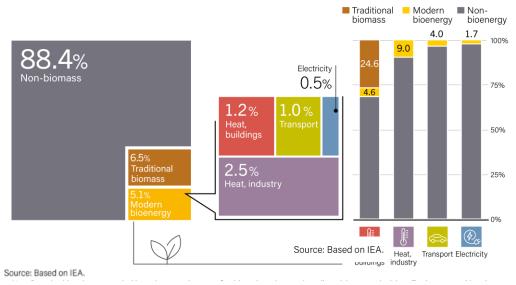
116 countries had used auctions or tendering as of end-2020, up from 111 total countries in 2019.

Source: REN21 Policy Database.



BIOENERGY CONTRIBUTES MOST TO RENEWABLE SUPPLY

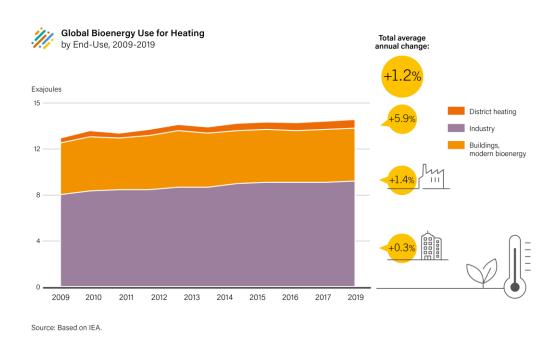




Modern bioenergy supplies energy for heating, transport and electricity end-uses.



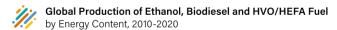
USE OF MODERN BIOENERGY IS INCREASING SLOWLY

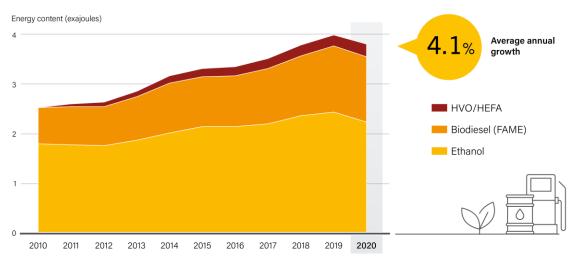


Bio-heat is used in buildings and industry, and often supplied by district energy networks.



BIOFUELS PRODUCTION DECREASED IN 2020



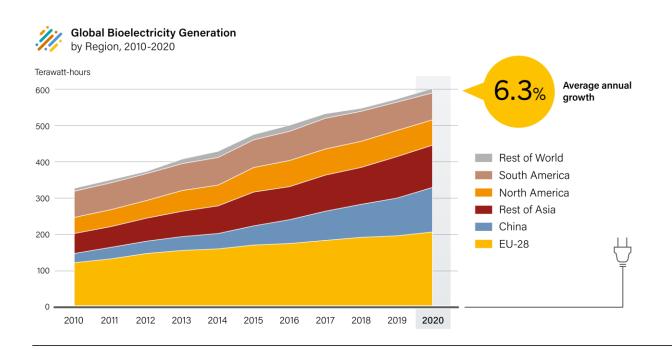


Note: HVO = hydrotreated vegetable oil; HEFA = hydrotreated esters and fatty acids; FAME = fatty acid methyl esters

The **United States** remained the leading biofuels producer, with a 51% share, despite declines in US production of both ethanol and biodiesel.



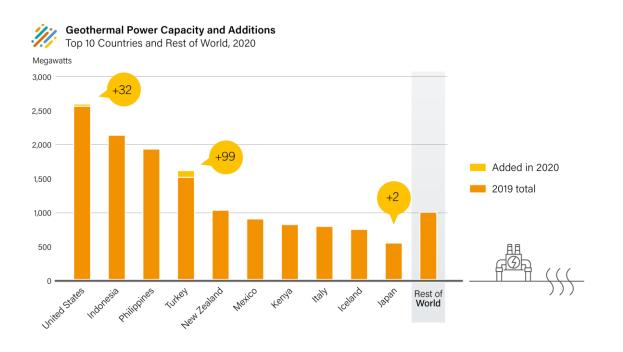
BIOELECTRICITY PRODUCTION HAS GROWN RAPIDLY



Bioelectricity generation increased **6.4% from 2019**, with the majority of gains in China.



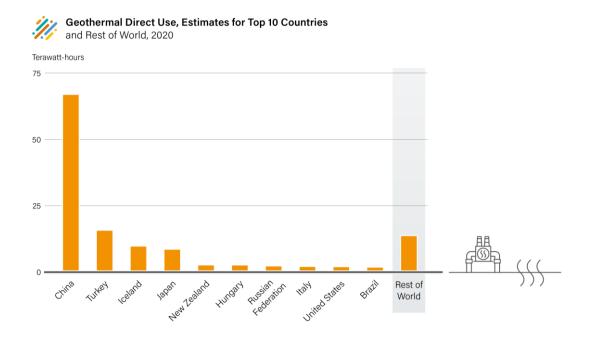
NEW GEOTHERMAL POWER INSTALLATIONS IN 2020



USA and Indonesia have been the most active geothermal power markets in recent years.



CHINA LED GEOTHERMAL DIRECT USE IN 2020

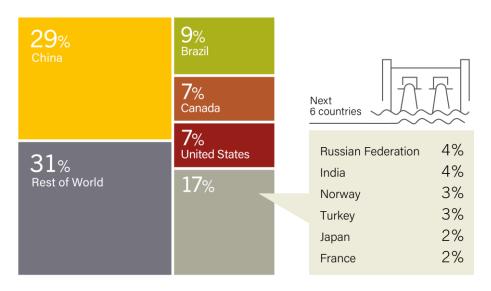


China, Turkey, Iceland and Japan together represented roughly 75% of the global total geothermal direct use in 2020.



HYDROPOWER CAPACITY INCREASED 24% IN 2020



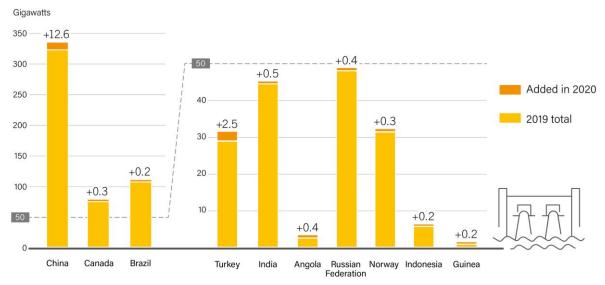


An estimated **19.4 GW** was added in **2020**, representing a 24% increase in capacity additions from 2019.



HYDROPOWER CAPACITY ADDITIONS DRIVEN BY CHINA

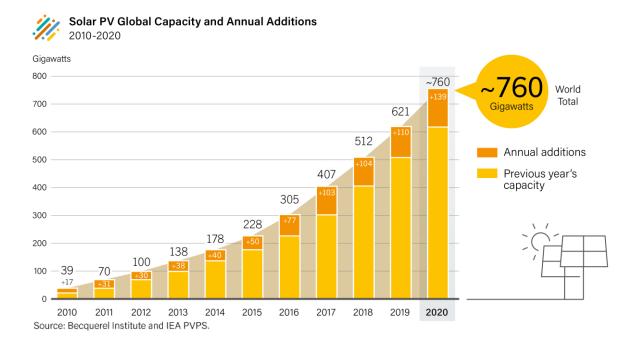




China installed the most new capacity in 2020, followed by Turkey, India, Angola and the Russian Federation.



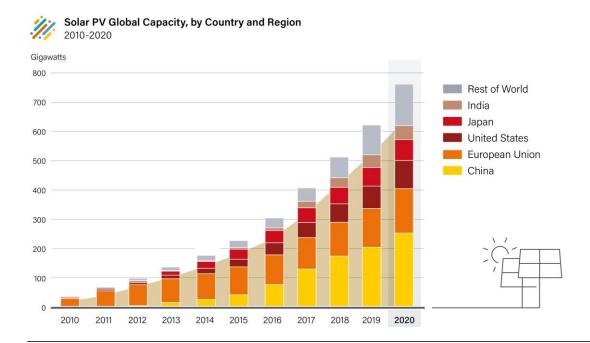
SOLAR PV CAPACITY ADDITIONS REACHED 139 GW



By the end of 2020, at least 15 countries had enough capacity in operation to meet at least 5% of their electricity demand with solar PV.



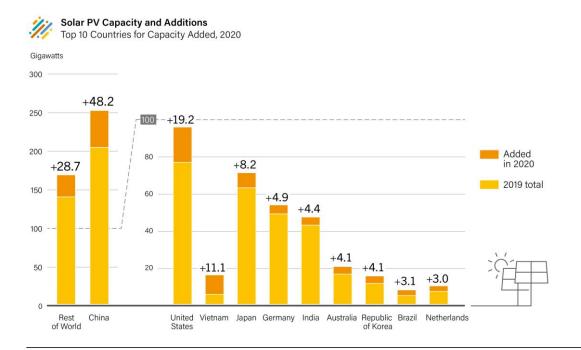
SOLAR PV SPREADING TO NEW PARTS OF THE WORLD



For the eighth consecutive year, Asia eclipsed all other regions for new installations, accounting for almost 60% of global additions.



CHINA REMAINS LEADER IN SOLAR PV

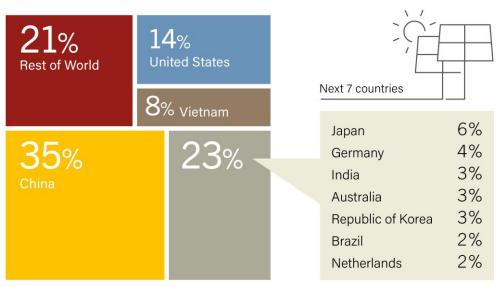


Following two years of decline, China's market increased 60% – driven largely by pending changes to the country's FIT structure



ASIA LEADS SOLAR PV MARKETS YET AGAIN

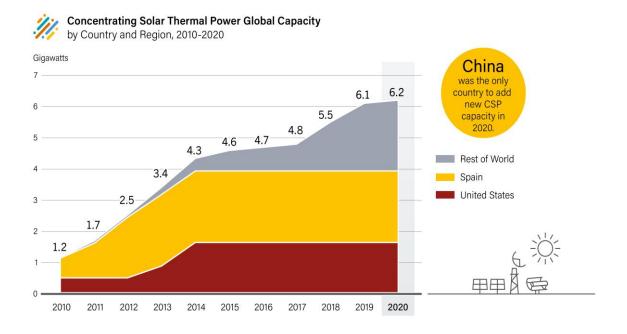




Asia accounted for almost 60% of global additions, despite declines in the region's top three markets (China, India and Japan).



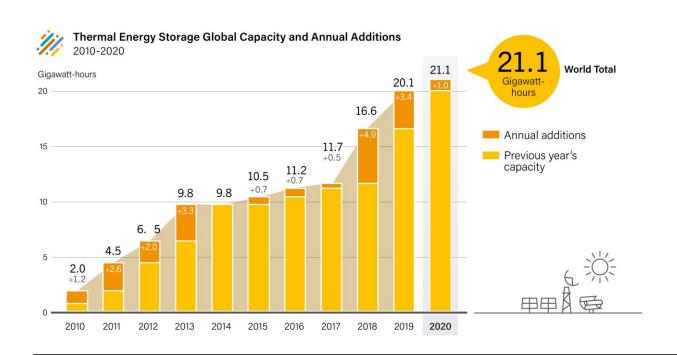
NEW CSP ADDITIONS EXCLUSIVELY IN CHINA



Global CSP capacity grew 1.6% in 2020, with a single 100 MW project coming online in China.



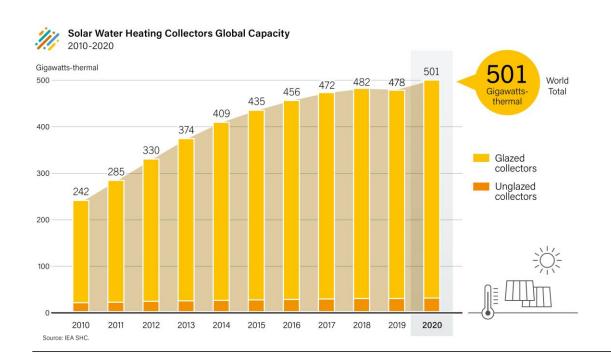
NEARLY ALL CSP PLANTS USE THERMAL ENERGY STORAGE



22 of the 24 CSP plants completed globally since the end of 2014 have incorporated thermal energy storage.



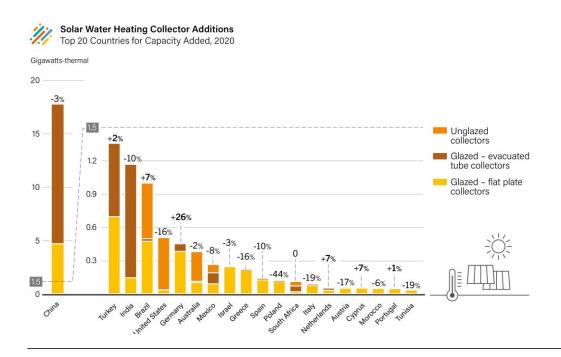
INSTALLED SOLAR WATER HEATING CAPACITY INCREASED



Global operating solar thermal capacity increased 5% from 2019.



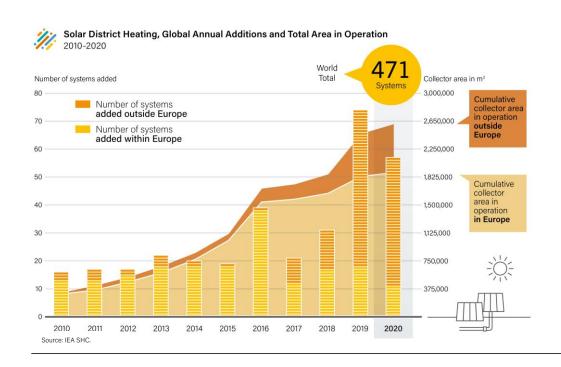
CHINA DOMINATED SOLAR WATER HEATING COLLECTOR SALES



China accounted for 71% of new global sales in solar water heating collectors, followed by Turkey and India.



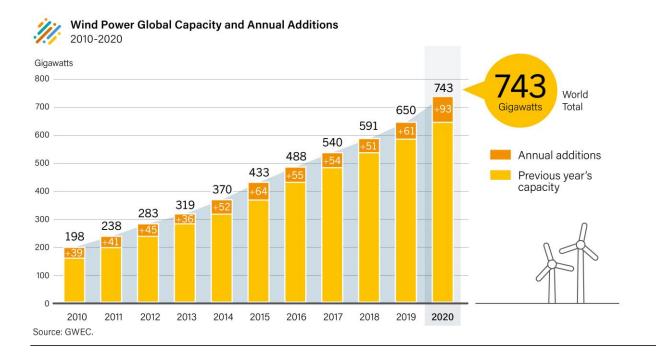
LARGE INCREASE IN SOLAR DISTRICT HEATING SYSTEMS



Leading markets for solar district heating were **Brazil**, **China and Turkey**.



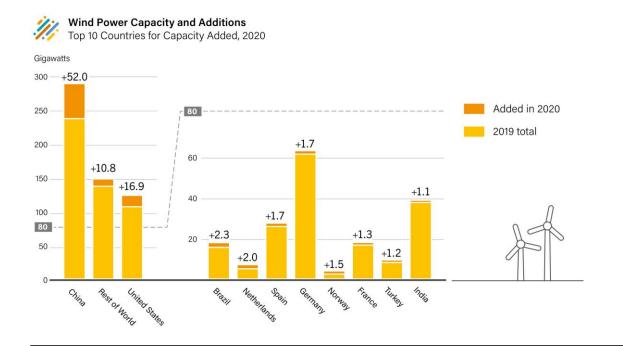
RECORD-BREAKING WIND POWER CAPACITY ADDED



At 93 GW added, the global wind power market was 45% higher than its previous high in 2015.



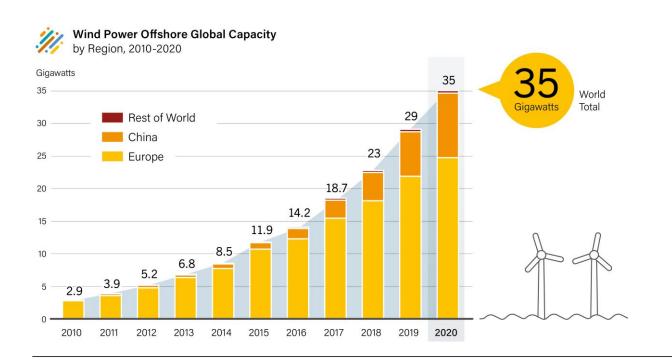
MORE THAN HALF OF NEW WIND POWER CAPACITY IN ASIA



China had its biggest year yet for new installations at 52 GW, doubling its capacity added in 2019.



OFFSHORE WIND MARKET KEPT GROWING

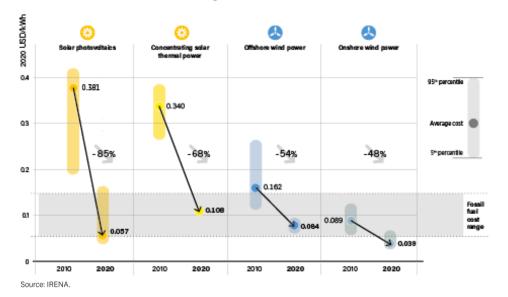


Offshore wind power accounted for a record **6.5% of wind power** additions in 2020, down from 10% in 2019.



RENEWABLE POWER COSTS KEEP FALLING

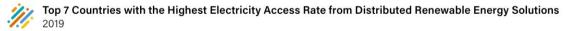
Global Levelised Costs of Electricity from Newly Commissioned Utility-scale
Renewable Power Generation Technologies, 2010 and 2020

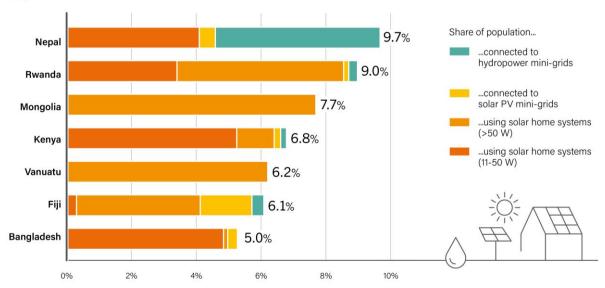


Costs for solar PV and CSP as well as onshore and offshore wind have fallen sharply over the past decade.



DISTRIBUTED RENEWABLES: KEY SOLUTIONS TO PROVIDE ENERGY ACCESS

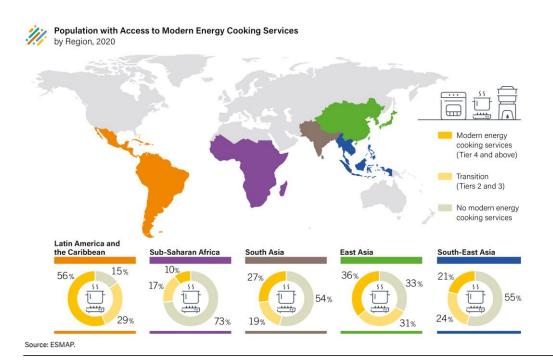




Distributed renewables for energy access provide electricity to between 5% and 10% of the population in several developing countries.



PROGRESS IN CLEAN COOKING REMAINS SLOW

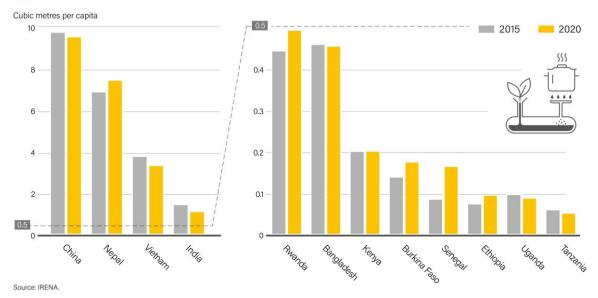


Despite recent progress, China and India still account for nearly half of the global population without access.



BIOGAS FOR COOKING EXPANDS IN NEW MARKETS

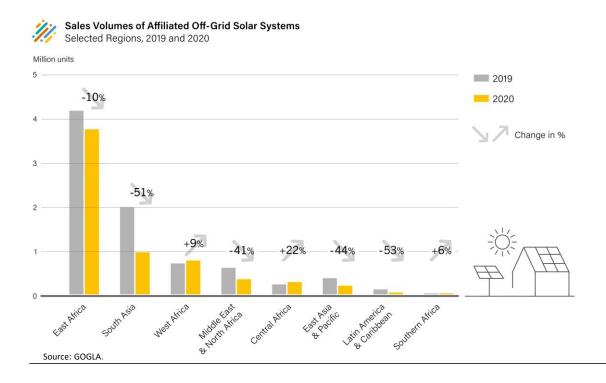




The bulk of the biogas production per capita (99.7%) occurs in Asia.



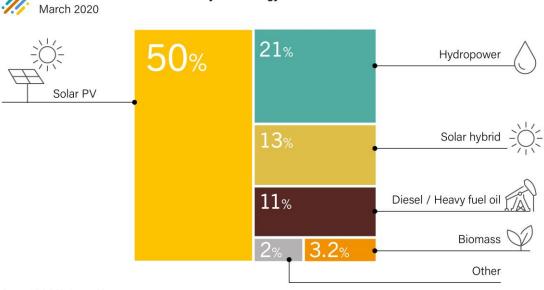
OFF-GRID SALES DISRUPTED DUE TO COVID-19



Sales of off-grid solar systems **fell 22%** compared to 2019, largely due to lockdown-related disruptions.



RENEWABLES-BASED MINI-GRIDS EXPANDING IN ENERGY ACCESS



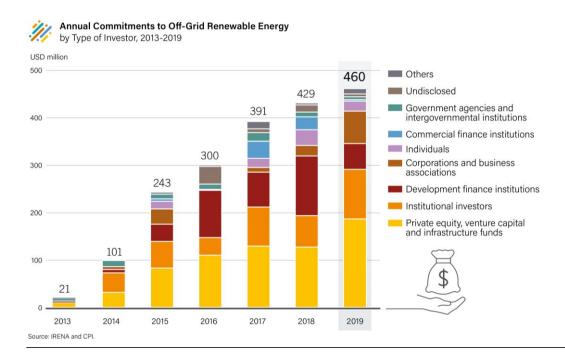
Shares of Installed Mini-Grids by Technology

Solar PV has been the fastest growing minigrid technology, incorporated into 55% of mini-grids in 2019 compared to only 10% in 2009.

Source: Mini-Grids Partnership.



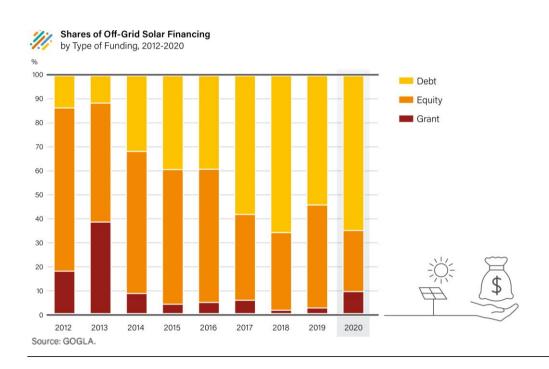
TYPE OF INVESTORS IN DREA MARKETS CONTINUED TO SHIFT



Corporations more than tripled their investment during this period, from USD 22 million in 2018 to USD 68 million in 2019.



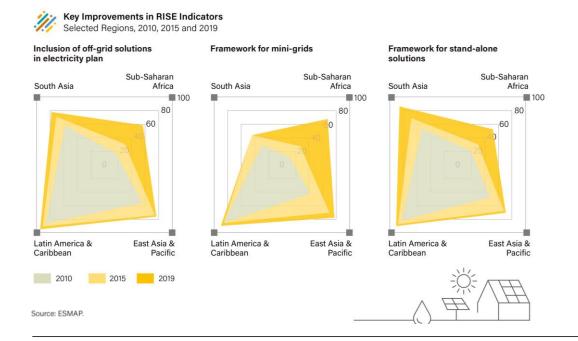
EQUITY FINANCING FELL IN OFF-GRID SOLAR SECTOR



Equity funding fell 46%, but this was compensated by an increase in both debt and grant funding.



MORE POLICIES FOR RENEWABLES-BASED ELECTRICITY ACCESS

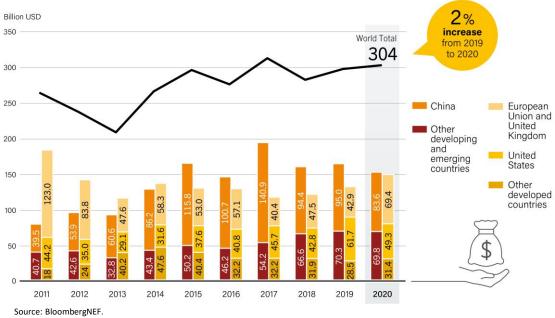


By 2019, policies to promote mini-grids and stand-alone renewables had been implemented in many countries.



INVESTMENT IN RENEWABLES INCREASED SLIGHTLY

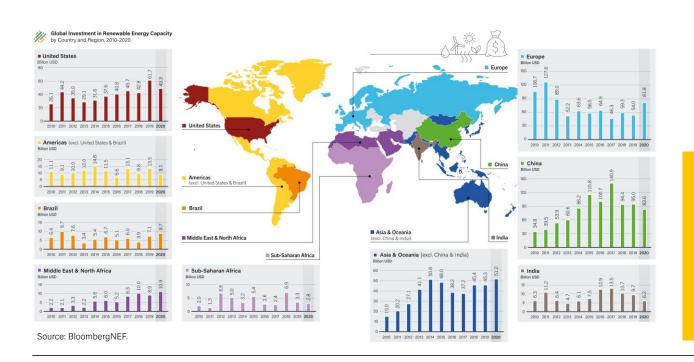




To reach global climate and sustainable development goals, annual investment in renewables must at least triple by 2030.



DEVELOPING COUNTRIES INVESTED MORE THAN DEVELOPED ONES

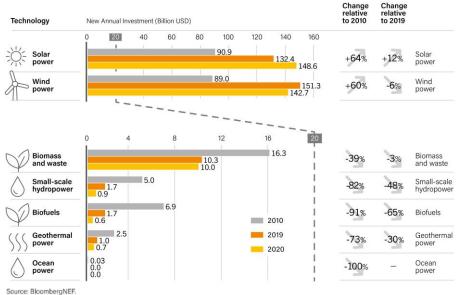


Investments for the year rose 13% in developed countries and fell 7% in developing and emerging countries.



INVESTMENT GREW ONLY IN SOLAR PV TECHNOLOGY IN 2020

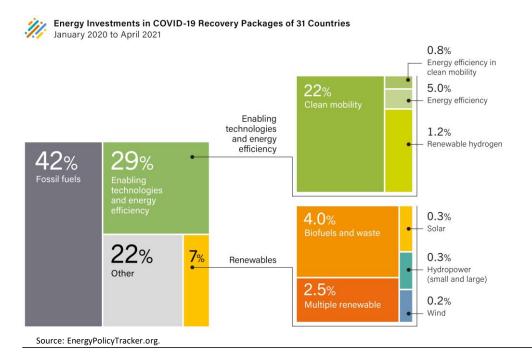




Solar power represented nearly half of global renewable energy capacity investment in 2020 - up 12% from 2019.



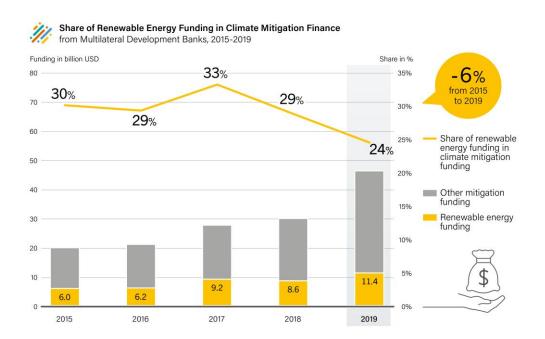
6X MORE RECOVERY FUNDING FOR FOSSIL FUELS



As of early 2021, only 7% of COVID recovery spending was allocated to renewables.



INCREASING MDB INVESTMENTS IN RENEWABLES

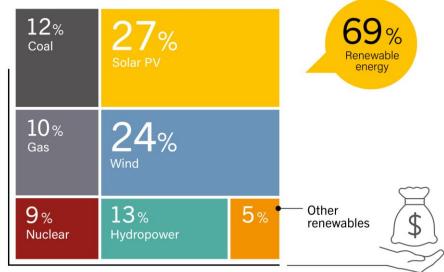


Multilateral development bank investments in renewable energy projects increased 89% between 2015 and 2019.



2X MORE INVESTMENT IN NEW RENEWABLE POWER CAPACITY THAN FOSSIL FUEL



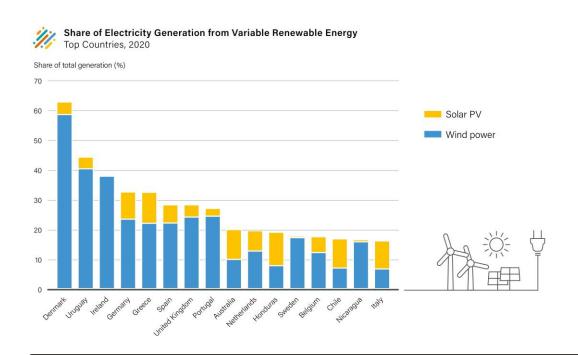


Almost 70% of the global investment in new renewable power and fuel capacity went to renewable power plants, while only 31% went to coal, gas and nuclear plants.

Source: IEA.



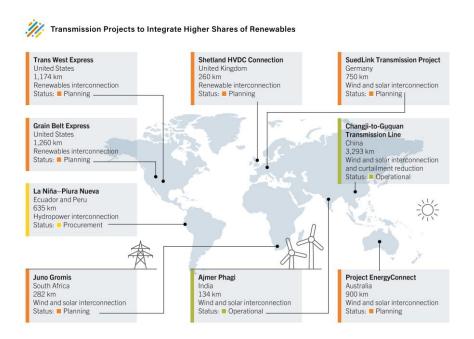
VARIABLE RENEWABLE ELECTRICITY CONTINUED TO RISE



At least nine countries produced more than 20% of their electricity generation from VRE in 2020



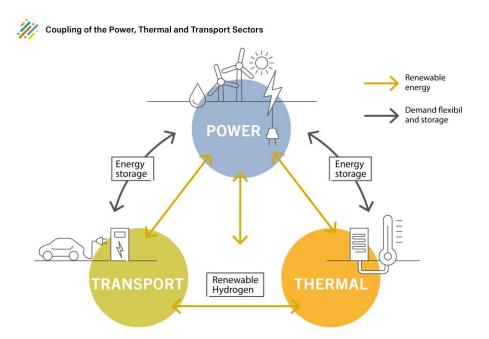
MAJOR TRANSMISSION PROJECTS ADVANCED IN 2020



Digital technologies are increasing the usable capacity of existing transmission infrastructure, often a barrier to wider VRE deployment.



SECTOR COUPLING SUPPORTS RENEWABLES INTEGRATION

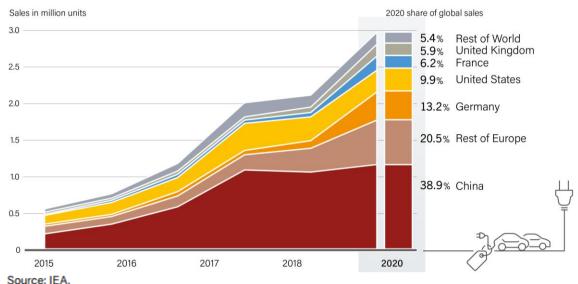


End-use technologies supporting the integration of renewables in power systems experienced increased sales in 2020 despite the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic.



ELECTRIC CAR SALES INCREASED 41% IN 2020



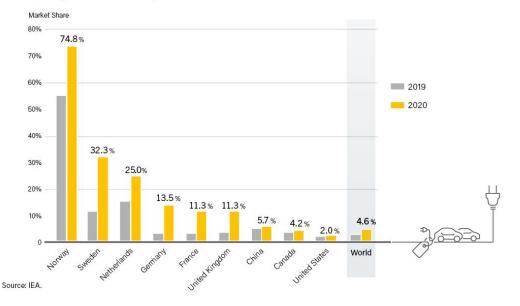


Share of electric cars in new car sales reached 4.6%, a record high.



MARKET SHARE OF ELECTRIC CARS IN NEW CAR SALES REACHED 4.6% IN 2020

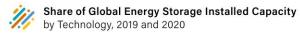
Market Share of Electric Cars in Annual Sales Top Large Markets and World, 2020

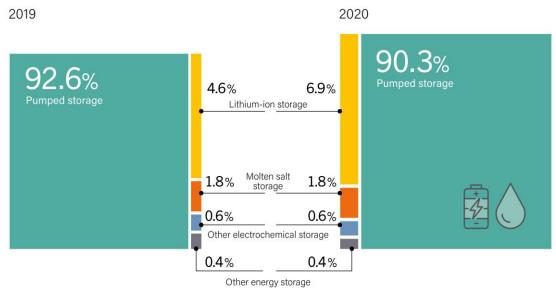


Norway remained the leader in the share of electric cars in overall car sales, at 75%, followed by Iceland (52%), and Sweden (32%).



ENERGY STORAGE MARKET BENEFITED FROM COVID STIMULUS

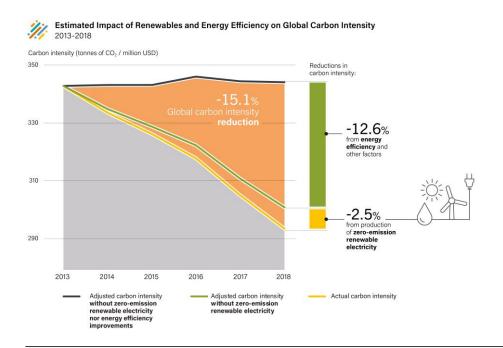




The global operational energy storage capacity reached 191.1 GW in 2020, reflecting 3.4% growth year-on-year.



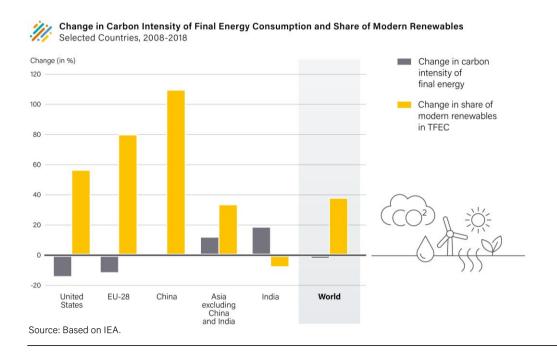
ENERGY Efficiency SLOWS CARBON INTENSITY GROWTH



Despite a decline in energy efficiency improvements, there was an overall decoupling of global economic growth and CO2 emissions between 2013 and 2018.



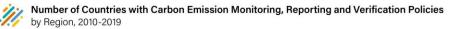
CARBON INTENSITY OF FINAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION IMPROVING

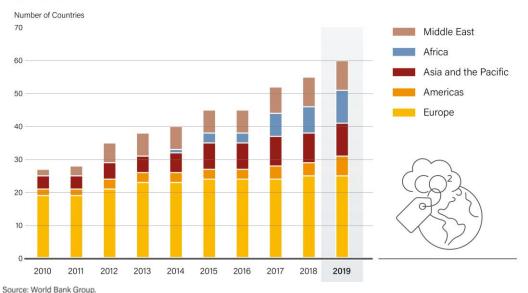


Between 2008 and 2018, the global carbon intensity of final energy decreased 2%.



COUNTRIES ARE INCREASINGLY MONITORING EMISSIONS

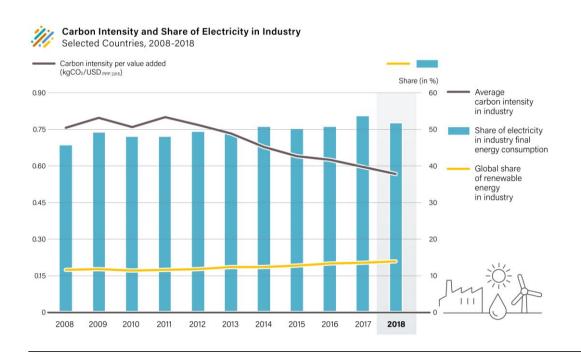




Uptake of monitoring, reporting and verification has nearly doubled over the decade, from 27 countries in 2010 to 60 countries in 2020.



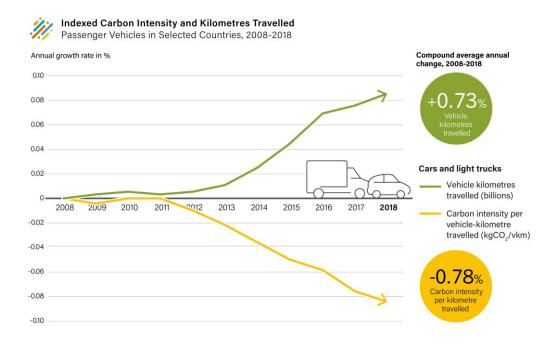
INDUSTRIAL CARBON INTENSITY IMPROVES



In a selection of OECD countries, carbon intensity in industry improved 25% between 2008 and 2018, as the share of electrification increased to 13%



TRANSPORT CARBON INTENSITY IMPROVING SLOWLY

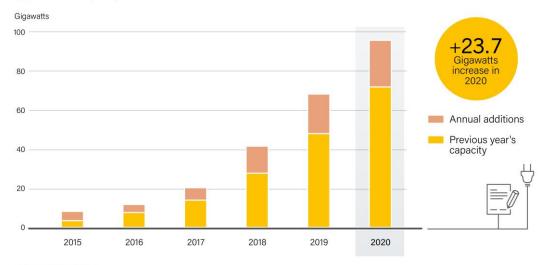


In OECD countries, the carbon intensity of transport improved at an annual rate of 0.64% between 2008 and 2017.



CORPORATE RENEWABLE PPAS INCREASED

Corporate Renewable Energy PPAs Global Capacity and Annual Additions, 2015-2020



Source: BloombergNEF.

New renewable corporate power purchasing agreements increased 18% in 2020.



MANY NET ZERO TARGETS ANNOUNCED IN 2020

New Net Zero Emission and Carbon-Neutral Targets Set by Countries/Regions in 2020

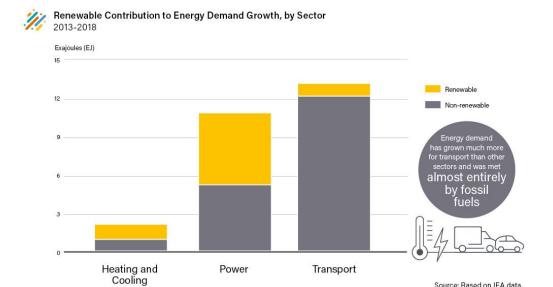
Country/region	2019 CO ₂ emissions (kilotonnes)	2019 CO ₂ emissions (% of world total)	Target year	Legal status
EU-27	2,939,069	7.73%	2050	Proposed
Austria	72,363	0.19%	20401	In law/policy documen
Canada	584,846	1.54%	2050	Proposed
Hungary	53,183	0.14%	2050	In law/policy document
Jamaica	7,442	0.02%	2050	Pledge
Lao PDR	6,783	0.02%	2050	Pledge
Maldives	913	< 0.001%	2030²	Pledge
Mauritius	4,332	0.01%	2070	Pledge
Nepal	15,019	0.04%	2050	NDC
United Kingdom	364,906	0.96%	2050³	In law/policy documen
The Vatican	N/A	N/A	2050	Pledae

Country/region	2019 CO ₂ emissions (kilotonnes)	2019 CO ₂ emissions (% of world total)	Target year	Legal status
Argentina	199,414	0.52%	2050	NDC
Barbados	3,827	0.01%	2030	In law/policy document
China	11,535,200	30.34%	2060	Pledge
Japan	1,153,717	3.03%	2050	Pledge
Kazakhstan	277,365	0.73%	20605	Pledge
Korea, Republic of	651,870	1.71%	2050	NDC
Malawi	1,616	<0.001%	2050	Pledge
Nauru	N/A	N/A	2050	Pledge
Slovenia	15,365	0.04%	2050	National plan/strategy
South Africa	494,862	1.30%	2050 ⁶	National plan/strategy

Only about one-fifth of all announced national net zero targets are actually in law or have been achieved.



RENEWABLES SHARES IN ENERGY DEMAND GROWTH

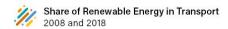


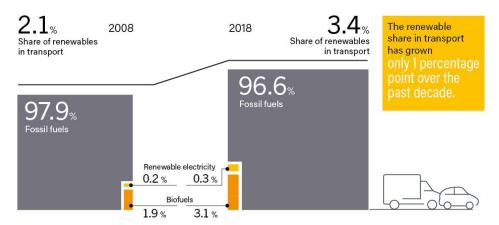
Renewables represented the largest share of energy demand growth in the **power** sector.

REN21 RENEWABLES 2021 GLOBAL STATUS REPORT



RENEWABLES IN TRANSPORT GREW SLOWLY





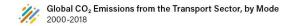
Note: Fossil fuels includes non-renewable electricity, which accounted for 0.82% in 2008 and 0.85% in 2018. Source: Based on IEA data.

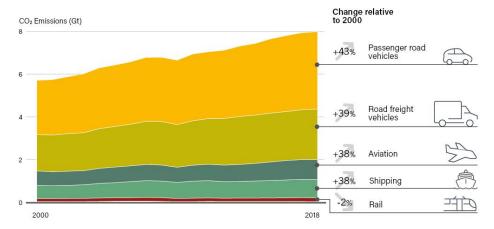
REN21 RENEWABLES 2021 GLOBAL STATUS REPORT

The share of renewable energy in transport grew slowly from 2.1% in 2008 to 3.4% in 2018.



TRANSPORT RELATED EMISSIONS ON THE RISE





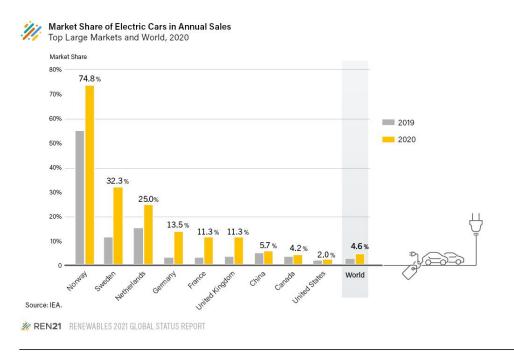
Note: Other pipeline and non-specified transport increased 28% during this period. Source: SLOCAT and IEA.

REN21 RENEWABLES 2021 GLOBAL STATUS REPORT

Global CO2 emissions rose over the decade in all transport sectors except rail, where it dropped by 2%.



MARKET SHARE OF ELECTRIC CARS INCREASED



Norway remains the largest market for electric cars in the world.



THE AVOID-SHIFT-IMPROVE FRAMEWORK



Avoid-Shift-Improve Framework in the Transport Sector

AVOID

Avoid or reduce the need for motorised travel

- Transport demand management
- Mixed-use, transit-oriented development
- Active transport (e.g., walking, cycling)
- Telecommuting

SHIFT

Shift to more efficient, less carbon-intensive modes

- Public transport, intercity and high-speed rail, and new mobility services (powered by renewable energy)
- Zero emission logistics and last-mile delivery

IMPROVE

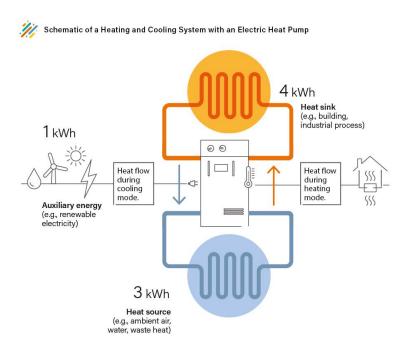
Improve efficiency, vehicle technology and fuels

- Fuel economy
- Renewable fuels (e.g., sustainable biofuels, renewable electro-fuels)
- Renewable-based electric vehicles

Such a framework can greatly decrease energy demand and associated greenhouse gas emissions in the transport sector.



SCHEMATIC OF A HEATING AND COOLING SYSTEM



When the energy used to drive a heat pump is renewable, so is 100% of its output.



